Standard Checklist

Vame	of Rip	oarian-	-Wetland Area: Robinson Canyon Creek	
Date: June 29, 2004 Segment/Reach ID: Reach 1 PFC 210				
Miles: Elevation:_		_ Eleva	ation:GPS: N36, 29. 921' W121, 48. 633'	
D Tea	ım Ob	serve	rs: Ben Eichorn, Danica Zupic Time:	
Yes	No	N/A	HYDROLOGY	
X			Floodplain above bankfull is inundated in "relatively frequent" events	
		X	Where beaver dams are present they are active and stable	
X			Sinuosity, width/depth ratio, and gradient are in balance with the landscape setting (i.e., landform, geology, and bioclimatic region)	
X			4) Riparian-wetland area is widening or has achieved potential extent	
	X		5) Upland watershed is not contributing to riparian-wetland degradation	
Yes	No	N/A	VEGETATION	
X			There is diverse age-class distribution of riparian-wetland vegetation (recruitment for maintenance/recovery)	
X			There is diverse composition of riparian-wetland vegetation (for maintenance/recovery)	
X			Species present indicate maintenance of riparian-wetland soil moisture characteristics	
X			9) Streambank Vegetation is comprised of those plants or plant communities that have root masses capable of withstanding high-streamflow events	
X			10) Riparian-wetland plants exhibit high vigor	
X			Adequate riparian-wetland vegetative cover is present to protect banks and dissipate energy during high flows	
X			12) Plant communities are an adequate source of coarse and/or large woody material (for maintenance/recovery)	
Yes	No	N/A	EROSION/DEPOSITION	
168	-	IVA		
X			Floodplain and channel characteristics (i.e., rocks, overflow channels, coarse and/or large woody material) are adequate to dissipate energy	
X			14) Point bars are revegetating with riparian-wetland vegetation	
X			15) Lateral stream movement is associated with natural sinuosity	
X			16) System is vertically stable	
	X		17) Stream is in balance with the water and sediment being supplied by the watershed (i.e., no excessive erosion or deposition)	

Summary Determination

Functional Rating:				
Proper Functioning Condition Functional—At Risk Nonfunctional Unknown	X			
Trend for Functional—At Risk:				
Upward Downward Not Apparent				
Are factors contributing to unacceptable conditions outside the control of the manager?				
Yes No	\boxtimes			
If yes, what are those factors?				
Flow regulations Mining act Channelization Road encre Augmented flows Other (spec	oachment Oil field water discharge			



Picture 1 Logjam on the west bank, looking downstream, with a large sediment pile in front of it.



Picture 2 Eroding and unstable overhang wall directly above logiam.



Distura 2 View of lasion from downstroom

Remarks

This reach began near the property line of the Santa Lucia Preserve at mile marker 6.75 on Robinson Canyon Rd.. There is an eroding bank upland from the logjam where these redwoods apparently fell from. This eroding upland is contributing sediment and continues to be unstable (See Pictures 1, 2, 3 and 4).

The vegetation is predominated by redwoods and alders with some wetland ferns, vines, grasses and other plants.

Many of the banks were steep and shaded. Periodic undercutting is occurring throughout this reach.

There were several sediment deposits throughout the reach.

There was some seepage in this reach and a few steelhead fry observed.

End at an extremely large slide and logjam marked by multiple fallen redwoods.

GPS: N36, 36.070 W121, 48.609 after mile marker 7.

Checklist Comments

#5,17 There is excess sediment throughout this reach.

#6,7,9 Yes, however there is a minimal amount of recruits and a minimum of vegetative diversity due to steep banks and shade provided by redwood canopy.

#14 There were a number shaded unvegetated point bars.

#16 Some precipitous areas, but generally such formations appear to be natural.



Picture 4 Upstream view of logjam (opp. of Picture 3)