Standard Checklist

Name	of Ri	parian	-Wetland Area: Tularcitos Creek	
Date:	August	27, 20	04 Segment/Reach ID: Reach 5	PFC 901
Miles:		_ Elev	vation:GPS: N36, 27. 718'W121, 4	1,42.611
ID Te	am Ol	oserve	ers: Clive Sanders, Danica Zupic Time:	
Yes	No	N/A	HYDROLOGY	
X			Floodplain above bankfull is inundated in "relatively freque	nt" events
		X	2) Where beaver dams are present they are active and stable	,
X			 Sinuosity, width/depth ratio, and gradient are in balance with landscape setting (i.e., landform, geology, and bioclimatic re- 	
X			4) Riparian-wetland area is widening or has achieved potential	extent
X			5) Upland watershed is not contributing to riparian-wetland do	egradation
Yes	No	N/A	VEGETATION	-
X			There is diverse age-class distribution of riparian-wetland (recruitment for maintenance/recovery)	vegetation
X			There is diverse composition of riparian-wetland vegetation (maintenance/recovery)	for
X	·		Species present indicate maintenance of riparian-wetlan moisture characteristics	d soil
X			9) Streambank Vegetation is comprised of those plants communities that have root masses capable of with high-streamflow events	s or plant estanding
X			10) Riparian-wetland plants exhibit high vigor	
X			Adequate riparian-wetland vegetative cover is present to probanks and dissipate energy during high flows	ect
X			12) Plant communities are an adequate source of coarse an woody material (for maintenance/recovery)	id/or large
Yes	No	N/A	EROSION/DEPOSITION	-
X			Floodplain and channel characteristics (i.e., rocks, overflow channels, coarse and/or large woody material) are adequate to dissipate energy	
X			14) Point bars are revegetating with riparian-wetland vegetation	
X			15) Lateral stream movement is associated with natural sinuosity	
X			16) System is vertically stable	
			Stream is in balance with the water and sediment being support watershed (i.e., no excessive erosion or deposition)	olied by the

Summary Determination

Functional Rating:	
Proper Functioning Condition Functional—At Risk Nonfunctional Unknown	
Trend for Functional—At Risk:	
Upward Downward Not Apparent	
Are factors contributing to unaccepts of the manager?	able conditions outside the control
Yes No	
If yes, what are those factors?	
Flow regulations Mining act Channelization Road encre Augmented flows Other (spec	oachment Oil field water discharge



Picture 1



Picture 2



Picture 3



Picture 4

Remarks

This reach begins at power pole 488 on Carmel Valley Road. The riparian habitat throughout this reach is very lush. There is a diversity of large mature trees: Laurels, Alders, Sycamores, Cottonwoods, Buckeyes, Willows and their recruits. There is plenty of poison oak, and blackberries to serve as a ground cover. This reach had no urban influence on it. (See Pictures 1, 2 and 6)

The beginning of the reach was wet with seepage, there is a strong presence of sedges and grasses (See Picture 1). The majority of the reach was dry. There are plenty of rocks, cobbles and gravels for good spawning habitat (See Picture 2).

Several large logiams were encountered, evidencing both the presence of LWD and its sources (See Pictures 3, 4 and 9). There are several accessible floodplains that aid in dissipating energy.

There are a few large sandstone outcrops that are naturally eroding (See Pictures 5, 6 and 7).

There are two old cars in the creek bed (See Picture 8).

This reach ended at the Confluence with the Carmel River (See Picture 9) at N36, 27.922 W121, 42.873. (The river was cloudy from turbidity)

Checklist Comments

None - The System is in PFC



Picture 5



Picture 6



Picture 7



Picture 8



Picture 9