FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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Board of Directors

June 30, 2000

Molly Erickson Chair

Dave Potter Vice-Chair

Alexander Henson Director

David Pendergrass Director

Kris Lindstrom Director

Alvin Edwards Director

Ron Chesshire Director



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Douglas Hayashi, C.P.A. F. Warren Wayland, C.P.A. John H. Gibbons, C.P.A. Cecil Robbins, C.P.A. E. Alan Stark, C.P.A., M.B.A. Sherrie Isaac, C.P.A. Michael T. Briley, C.P.A. An Independently Owned Member of the McGladrey Network Worldwide Services Through RSM International

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Monterey Peninsula Water Management District Monterey, California

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the *Monterey Peninsula Water Management District* as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the *Monterey Peninsula Water Management District* as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The combining financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents as supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the *Monterey Peninsula Water Management District*. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

September 6, 2000

Hayoshi & Wayland

MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER
MANAGEMENT DISTRICT
COMBINED BALANCE SHEET
ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS
JUNE 30, 2000

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				OPRIETARY UND TYPE		ACCOUN'	Γ GRC	DUPS		
	(M)	SPECIAL REVENUE (MITIGATION & CONSERVATION)		CAPITAL PROJECTS		ENTERPRISE (RECLAMATION)		GENERAL FIXED ASSETS		GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT		TOTAL EMORANDUM ONLY)
<u>ASSETS</u>												
ASSETS:												
Cash in bank and on hand	\$		\$	181,890	\$	933,637	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,115,527
Investments		_		5,325,262		_	•	_	•		Ψ	5,325,262
Receivables		199,161		131,722		294,249				_		625,132
Due from other funds		1,479,193		_		_				_		1,479,193
Prepaid expenses and deposits		605		34,594				_		_		35,199
Restricted reserves		_		_		383,082				_		383,082
Equipment		_		_		_		917,895		_		917,895
Building and improvements		_		- .		- ',		1,963,573				1,963,573
Monitoring stations						_		45,456		_		45,456
Fish rearing facility		_		_		_		678,827				678,827
Leasehold improvements		_				_		2,836		_		2,836
Water resale rights - net				 .		23,704,741		_				23,704,741
Amount to be provided to pay future												,,,,,,,
liability for compensated absences								_		263,510		263,510
Provision for accumulated depreciation										,		
on general fixed assets (memo entry)								(1,186,933)				(1,186,933)
TOTAL	<u>\$</u>	1,678,959	<u>\$</u>	5,673,468	<u>\$</u>	25,315,709	<u>\$</u>	2,421,654	\$	263,510	<u>\$</u>	35,353,300

MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2000 (Continued)

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				ROPRIETARY FUND TYPE	ACCOUNT GROUPS					
	•	SPECIAL REVENUE IITIGATION & NSERVATION)	CAPITAL PROJECTS		ENTERPRISE (RECLAMATION)		GENERAL FIXED ASSETS		GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT		TOTAL (MEMORANDUM ONLY)	
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY												
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Interest payable Due to other funds Estimated liability for compensated absences Deferred revenue Certificates of participation payable	\$	30,046 - 69,931 201,416	\$	167,866 31,703 - 1,479,193 89,373	\$	291,317 — 118,928 — — — 33,900,000	\$	- - - - - -	\$	263,510	\$	459,183 61,749 118,928 1,479,193 422,814 201,416 33,900,000
Total liabilities		301,393		1,768,135		34,310,245			•	263,510		36,643,283
FUND EQUITY (DEFICIT): Investment in general fixed assets Provision for accumulated depreciation (memo only) Retained earnings (deficit):		-		-		-		3,608,587 (1,186,933)		-		3,608,587 (1,186,933)
Funded reserves Reserved for debt service Fund balances:						383,082 (9,377,618)		- -		_		383,082 (9,377,618)
Reserved other funds Reserved for prepaid expenses Designated by Board for insurance/litigation Designated by Board for capital equipment		613,789 155 158,646 58,612		3,490,809 29,670 341,354 43,500		- - -		_ _ _ _		- - - -		4,104,598 29,825 500,000 102,112
Designated by Board for flood/drought emergencies		546,364						-	-			546,364
Total fund equity (deficit)		1,377,566		3,905,333		(8,994,536)		2,421,654				(1,289,983)
TOTAL	<u>\$</u>	1,678,959	<u>\$</u>	5,673,468	<u>\$</u>	25,315,709	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,421,654</u>	\$	263,510	<u>\$</u>	35,353,300

MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	R (MIT	SPECIAL EVENUE FIGATION & SERVATION)		CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)		
REVENUES: Taxes Grants User fees Connection charges -	\$	131,725 1,790 1,582,140	\$	566,627 _ _ _	\$	698,352 1,790 1,582,140	
net of refunds (\$15,433) Permit fees Project reimbursements Investment income Miscellaneous		100,034 104,213 131,007		504,508 15,988 203,987 244,170 5,523	_	504,508 116,022 308,200 375,177 5,523	
Total revenues	<u></u>	2,050,909		1,540,803		3,591,712	
EXPENDITURES: Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	<u> </u>	1,034,944 935,215 1,166,568		720,159 565,825 1,006,787		1,755,103 1,501,040 2,173,355	
Total expenditures		3,136,727		2,292,771		5,429,498	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	((1,085,818)		(751,968)		(1,837,786)	
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, 1999		2,463,384		4,657,301		7,120,685	
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2000	\$	1,377,566	<u>\$</u>	3,905,333	<u>\$</u>	5,282,899	

MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL** SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS **COMBINED**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES: Taxes Grants User fees Permit fees Project reimbursements Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	126,000 1,600,000 151,000 231,600 102,000 60,000	\$	131,725 1,790 1,582,140 100,034 104,213 131,007	\$	5,725 1,790 (17,860) (50,966) (127,387) 29,007 (60,000)	
Total revenues EXPENDITURES: Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay		2,270,600 1,003,579 2,087,453 610,090		2,050,909 1,034,944 935,215 1,166,568		(219,691) (31,365) 1,152,238 (556,478)	
Total expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		3,701,122 (1,430,522)		3,136,727 (1,085,818)		564,395 344,704	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 1999 FUND BALANCE - (DEFICIT) JUNE 30, 2000	<u> </u>	606,310 (824,212)	<u> </u>	2,463,384 1,377,566		1,857,074 2,201,778	

MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

		BUDGET		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUES:							
Taxes Connection charges -	\$	542,000	\$	566,627	\$	24,627	
net of refunds (\$15,433)		356,640		504,508		147,868	
Permit fees Project reimbursements		551,700		15,988		15,988	
Investment income		198,000		203,987 244,170		(347,713) 46,170	
Miscellaneous				5,523		5,523	
Total revenues	<u></u>	1,648,340		1,540,803		(107,537)	
EXPENDITURES:							
Salaries and employee benefits:		500.00 0		707 7 00		(0.0.5.)	
Salaries Employee benefits		583,228 129,760		585,583 124,576		(2,355)	
Employee beliefits		129,700		134,576		(4,816)	
Total salaries and employee benefits		712,988		720,159		(7,171)	
Services and supplies:							
Project expenditures		1,454,342		312,738		1,141,604	
Operating expenditures		301,684		148,181		153,503	
Professional fees		82,880		104,906		(22,026)	
Total services and supplies		1,838,906		565,825		1,273,081	
Capital outlay		1,349,132		1,006,787		342,345	
Total expenditures		3,901,026		2,292,771		1,608,255	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(2.252.696)		(751.0(0)		1 500 710	
OARK EVI EMPLIAKES		(2,252,686)		(751,968)		1,500,718	
FUND BALANCE -							
JULY 1, 1999		2,765,076		4,657,301		1,892,225	
FUND BALANCE -							
JUNE 30, 2000	<u>\$</u>	512,390	<u>\$</u>	3,905,333	<u>\$</u>	3,392,943	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR FRIDER HAVE 20 2000 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
OPERATING REVENUES: Water sales	<u>\$ 1,152,000</u>	\$ 1,278,886	\$ 126 <u>,886</u>
Total operating revenues	1,152,000	1,278,886	126,886
OPERATING EXPENSES: Plant costs Distribution costs General and administration Potable water Bond carrying costs	335,963 88,700 76,790 320,000 275,725	300,671 73,561 81,358 332,600 91,136	35,292 15,139 (4,568) (12,600) 184,589
Total	1,097,178	879,326	217,852
Operating income before amortization	54,822	399,560	344,738
Less amortization	<u></u> _	690,081	(690,081)
Operating income (loss)	54,822	(290,521)	(345,343)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Investment earnings Interest expense on COPs Subsidy - PBCo	28,500 	64,405 (1,170,692)	35,905 (1,170,692) 41,147
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(12,647)	(1,106,287)	(1,093,640)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	42,175	(1,396,808)	(1,438,983)
OTHER BUDGETARY ITEMS: Capital outlay Reserve contribution O&M reserve fund excess	(62,025) (5,300) 25,150	_ _ _	62,025 5,300 (25,150)
RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR		(7,597,728)	(7,597,728)
RETAINED EARNINGS (ACCUMULATED DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (8,994,536)</u>	<u>\$ (8,994,536)</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Amortization	\$	(290,521) 690,081
(Increase) decrease in - Receivables		(150,037)
Increase (decrease) in - Accounts payable		81,465
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		330,988
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Interest expense on COPs Payment of construction costs		(1,185,646) (81,753)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,267,399)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment earnings Funding of required reserves		67,061 1,129
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		68,190
NET CASH INCREASE (DECREASE)		(868,221)
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,801,858
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	933,637

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of the Reporting Entity:

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 have been considered and there are no agencies or entities which should be presented with the District.

The Monterey Peninsula Water Management District was created by Chapter 527, Statutes of 1977 (Assembly Bill No. 1329) of the California Legislature, on September 2, 1977. The District was created to provide integrated management of ground and surface water supplies, and to exercise regulatory control over the collection, storage, distribution, and delivery of water and wastewater within its jurisdiction including, but not limited to, such functions as management and regulation of the use, reuse, reclamation and conservation of water, and bond financing of public works projects. Water service is principally supplied by other entities, but the District has the power to acquire public or private water systems. The District also has the power to levy and collect real estate taxes. Operations were commenced during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1978.

The District has a seven member board of directors. Five directors are elected every four years on a staggered basis. Of the other two directors, one must be a member of the Monterey County Board of Supervisors and the other must be a chief executive officer, mayor, or member of the governing body of a city member unit. The Board of Directors has continuing oversight responsibility for the District.

The geographic jurisdiction of the District approximates the Monterey Peninsula and the Carmel River watershed including all of the cities (except Marina) and the unincorporated communities therein.

The accompanying financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies used by the District:

Description of Funds and Account Groups - The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are presented in the financial statements in this report into generic fund types, which are grouped into two broad fund categories, and two account groups as follows:

A. <u>Governmental Fund Types</u>:

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The following are the District's Governmental Fund Types:

Special Revenue Funds - are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Mitigation Fund is used to account for financial resources used to finance
 work along the Carmel River carried out pursuant to the Mitigation Program
 designed to ameliorate impacts identified in the District's Allocation
 Program Environmental Impact Report. This includes the Toilet
 Replacement Refund Program which decreases water demand on the Carmel
 River.
- Conservation Fund is used to account for financial resources used to fund water conservation activities mandated by District legislation including permit issuance and enforcement, jurisdictional water allocations, and public water conservation education.

Capital Projects Funds - are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds, and Special Assessments.

B. Proprietary Fund Types:

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income. The following is the District's Proprietary Fund Type:

Enterprise Funds - are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The enterprise fund carries the activity of the CAWD/PBCSD Wastewater Reclamation Project.

C. Account Groups:

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the District's general fixed assets and general long-term debt. The following are the District's account groups:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

General Long-term Debt Account Group - is established to account for all long-term debt of the District except that accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

Basis of Accounting - Refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

A. Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting:

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund Types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities.

Property taxes that have been levied and are due on or before year-end are recognized as revenue if they have been collected within ninety days after year-end. User fees due for the current year are considered available and are, therefore, recognized as revenues even though a portion of the user fees may be collected in the subsequent year. Connection charges and permit fees are considered to be measurable when they have been collected and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt and sick pay which are recorded when paid. Vacation pay is recorded as an expenditure in the year it is earned to the extent it is paid in that year or within ninety days after year-end; otherwise, it is recorded as an expenditure when it is paid.

B. Accrual Basis of Accounting:

The accrual basis of accounting is used for all Proprietary Funds. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. The District has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting." Accordingly, the District has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Investment earnings are accrued. Earned but unbilled revenues are accrued and reported in the financial statements.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - The District operates under the general laws of the State of California and annually adopts a budget for all its funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting to be effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. Non-cash expenses are not budgeted.

Cash Equivalents - The District considers all highly liquid assets which have a term of less than ninety days to maturity as cash equivalents.

Pooled Cash - Cash accounts (Reclamation) which essentially operate as demand deposit accounts are maintained by the Monterey County Treasurer's Office. Available cash balances are controlled and invested by the County Treasurer in pooled investment funds in order to provide safety, liquidity and high investment returns for all funds. Interest earnings from these funds are generally credited to the District's account on a quarterly basis.

The Monterey County Treasurer's Investment policy is in compliance with Section 53635 of the Government Code of the State of California which permits investments in certain securities and participation in certain investment trading techniques or strategies.

Resolution 83-17, adopted September 12, 1983, authorized investment of the District's monies with the State Treasurer for deposit in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). Money in the fund is invested by the State Treasurer to realize the maximum return consistent with prudent treasury management. All earnings of the fund, less a reimbursement of management costs incurred not to exceed one quarter of one percent of earnings, are distributed to the contributing agencies in their relative shares each quarter. The balances of funds in LAIF are stated at market value.

Investments - The District Board has also authorized the investment of District monies in an asset management account at Wells Fargo Bank. The investment at Wells Fargo Bank is recorded at market value.

The types of investments the District may purchase are not limited by legal or contractual provisions, but the Board has established policies on investments and has so directed their investment managers.

Prepaid Expenses - Prepaid expenses are capitalized and amortized ratably over the period of benefit. The unamortized portion is shown as a reserve against fund balance.

General Fixed Assets and Proprietary Fund Type Property and Equipment - Purchased general fixed assets and proprietary fund type property and equipment are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not known. Donated fixed assets and property and equipment are accounted for at their estimated fair value on the date received. Purchased general fixed assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds and capitalized (recorded and accounted for) in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Proprietary fund type property and equipment is capitalized in the fund in which it is utilized. Infrastructure assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, including drainage and irrigation systems are not capitalized.

Depreciation on general fixed assets is shown as a memo entry only in the financial statements. General fixed assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives used to depreciate assets, by asset class, are as follows:

General Fixed Assets:

Equipment	3 to 20 Years
Monitoring stations	5 to 10 Years
Fish rearing facility	5 to 40 Years
Leasehold improvements	10 to 40 Years

Water Resale Rights - Proceeds from the issuance of the Certificates of Participation are used to construct facilities for wastewater reclamation and distribution. The District does not own these facilities, but instead owns the rights to the reclaimed water for resale. The Project capitalizes the costs incurred in order to obtain these water rights in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for the recording of construction in progress by an enterprise fund. As a result, capital outlay and construction period interest incurred have been capitalized into this account. These rights are presented net of accumulated amortization.

Amortization - The water resale rights are amortized using the straight-line method over the expected useful life of the tertiary treatment plant which is forty years.

Compensated Absences - The District accrues vested liabilities for vacation and sick pay. Permanent employees are vested after one year of full-time employment. Vacation accrues at the rate of 10 days per year for the first year of employment, 15 days per year for two to five years of employment, and 20 days per year after five years. Sick leave accrues at the rate of 12 days each year. Total accruals are limited to 60 days vacation and 75 days sick leave per employee.

The current portion of the liability for compensated absences is the estimated amount left unpaid which is expected to be liquidated within the upcoming year. This amount is included in each governmental fund on the combined balance sheet. The remaining portion is recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

Deferred Revenue - Deferred revenue represents the portion of payment made under Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Disaster Relief Assistance Program which is not yet earned. Revenue is recognized as expenditures are incurred.

Long-Term Debt - Long-term liabilities that will be financed from Governmental Funds are accounted for in the General Long-term Debt Account Group. Long-term liabilities of all Proprietary Funds, including any general obligation bonds to be repaid by those funds, are accounted for in the respective funds.

Income Taxes - Monterey Peninsula Water Management District is a California local governmental unit and is exempt from both Federal and State income taxes.

Property Taxes - The County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions, including the District. Secured property taxes for each year ended June 30 are payable in equal installments, November 1 and February 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Property taxes are accounted for as collected and remitted by the County in the Governmental Funds. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31.

Permit Fees - Permit fee revenue is recorded as permits are issued. The District is required to refund permit fees if the permit is not used or to grant an extension of time upon a reasonable request. If a refund is issued, the refunded party also relinquishes any water rights associated with the permit. It is the District's policy to record such refunds as they become payable.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. Actual results are not expected to differ from those estimates.

"Memorandum Only" Total Columns - Included on the combined financial statements are total columns captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only for informational purposes. Adjustments to eliminate interfund transactions have not been recorded in arriving at such amounts and the memorandum totals are not intended to fairly present the financial position or results of operations of the District taken as a whole.

NOTE 2. THE CAWD/PBCSD WASTEWATER RECLAMATION PROJECT

The CAWD/PBCSD Wastewater Reclamation Project (the Project) is a cooperative effort involving the District, the Carmel Area Wastewater District (CAWD), the Pebble Beach Community Services District (PBCSD) and the Pebble Beach Company (PBCo.). This cooperative effort did not create a new or separate legal entity. Therefore, the Project is a Proprietary (Enterprise) Fund of the District, the issuer of the Certificates of Participation which financed the Project.

The Project provides treated wastewater to irrigate golf courses and open space areas in Pebble Beach which freed up potable water previously used for irrigation. The Project involved the construction of a new tertiary treatment plant and laboratory facilities located on the site of the existing CAWD secondary wastewater treatment plant, the construction of a new wastewater distribution system and storage tank used to distribute the treated wastewater to the receptor sites in Pebble Beach, and irrigation system improvements. The tertiary treatment plant produces water which meets Title 22 standards specified by the California Department of Health Services, which is a quality acceptable for human contact.

NOTE 2. THE CAWD/PBCSD WASTEWATER RECLAMATION PROJECT (Continued)

The Project is financed by Certificates of Participation which were executed and delivered at the direction of the District in December 1992 in the amount of \$33,900,000. The District agreed to provide the funds necessary to construct and operate the Project and as a result obtains ownership of the reclaimed water for the purpose of resale of such water. PBCo. has guaranteed payment of construction costs of the Project as well as any operating deficiencies. Any debt obligations incurred by the District to finance the project constitute limited obligations of the District, payable solely from the net operating revenues generated by the sale of reclaimed water produced by the Project and, if such reclaimed water revenues are insufficient, from payments on a Bond Letter of Credit provided by Bank of America (the credit bank) through a reimbursement agreement between PBCo. and the credit bank. The letter of credit fees are approximately \$1,000,000 annually. Due to the agreement with PBCo., the letter of credit fees are being paid to the credit bank directly by PBCo. Therefore, the letter of credit fees are not recorded as expense in the financial statements.

A plan to finance expansion of the Project for storage of an additional 400 acre-feet of wastewater at the Forest Lake site in Del Monte Forest (Pebble Beach area) has been proposed. On December 31, 1998, PBCSD purchased the Forest Lake Reservoir from the California-American Water Company to store reclaimed water in connection with the Project. The additional storage should improve the performance of the Project, especially in meeting peak water demand in summer. The Reclamation Management Committee of the Project is currently studying various other financing options to pay for the expansion and Phase II improvements, which is estimated to cost approximately \$16 million.

Construction of the Project began in January 1993 and it began operations October, 1994. The Project assets are owned principally by CAWD and PBCSD and consist primarily of the following:

Assets owned by CAWD: (1) a new tertiary treatment plant, (2) secondary process improvements, (3) new laboratory facilities, (4) a reclaimed water pump station, (5) related computer equipment and, (6) a small portion of the reclaimed water pipeline.

Assets owned by PBCSD: (1) approximately seven miles of reclaimed water distribution system pipelines, (2) a 2.5 million gallon storage tank, (3) a potable water pump station, and (4) a reclaimed water booster pump station.

The activities of the Project are overseen by a five member management committee containing two representatives from the CAWD board, two from the PBCSD board and one from PBCo.

NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Equivalents - Balances in cash and cash equivalents consist of bank accounts insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), Securities Investment Protection Corporation (SIPC), and other insurance and unsecured and uncollateralized deposits in the California State Treasurer's Investment Pool, knows as the Local Agency Investment Fund.

The District is required to categorize its cash to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year-end.

The categories are described as follows:

- **Category 1:** Amount insured by the FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the District in its name.
- Category 2: Amount collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the District's name.
- Category 3: Uncollateralized or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the name of the District.

The difference between bank balances and the carrying amounts (book value) represents outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Of the bank balance, \$253,611 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$960,877 was collateralized by the pledging institutions as required by Section 53652 of the California Government Code. Under the California Government Code, a financial institution is required to secure deposits in excess of \$100,000 made by state or local government units by pledging securities held in the form of an undivided collateral pool. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

NOTE 3. <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)</u>

The bank balances at June 30, 2000 are categorized as follows:

			CATEGORY					BANK		BOOK
	12		2	2 3			ALANCES	VALUE		
Cash in checking Cash in savings Cash in County	\$	153,611 –	\$	26,559 934,318	\$		\$	180,170 934,318	\$	(2,384) 935,760
Treasury Cash with COP		_				58,695		58,695		40,519
trustee		100,000				41,401	_	141,401		141,401
	<u>\$</u>	253,611	<u>\$</u>	960,877	<u>\$</u>	100,096	<u>\$</u>	1,314,584		1,115,296
Cash on hand										231
Total book value									<u>\$</u>	1,115,527

Investments - The District is also required to categorize its investments (including that portion considered cash equivalents). The categories are described as follows:

- Category 1: Insured or registered, or securities held by the District or its agent in the District's name.
- Category 2: Uninsured or unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name.
- Category 3: Uninsured or unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

LAIF is not subject to the above categories.

Investments at June 30, 2000 are categorized as follows:

		MARKET/ CARRYING		
	1	2	3	<u>VALUE</u>
US Government obligations Corporate obligations Liquid assets	\$ 2,403,588 1,309,258 685,136 \$ 4,397,982	\$ - - - - \$ -	\$ - - - <u>\$</u> -	\$ 2,403,588 1,309,258 685,136 4,397,982
LAIF				1,310,362
Subtotal				5,708,344
Less restricted reserves				383,082
Total Investments				<u>\$ 5,325,262</u>

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles (estimated to be \$-0-), consist of the following at June 30, 2000:

		SPECIAL REVENUE		CAPITAL PROJECTS		<u>ENTERPRISE</u>		TOTAL	
Grants	\$	8,424	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,424	
Project reimbursements		6,800		50,707			•	57,507	
Water sales		_		<u>-</u>		103,333		103,333	
User fees		183,937		_		_		183,937	
Interest				80,739		2,145		82,884	
Affiliates (Reclamation)		_		_		185,796		185,796	
Other				276		2,975		3,251	
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u> 199,161</u>	<u>\$</u>	131,722	<u>\$</u>	294,249	<u>\$</u>	625,132	

NOTE 5. CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS

The investment in general fixed assets experienced the following changes for the year ended June 30, 2000:

	BI	ALANCE EGINNING OF YEAR		URRENT DITIONS	DEL	ETIONS		ALANCE END OF YEAR
Equipment:								
Office	\$	133,133	\$	41,731	\$		\$	174,864
Computer		236,676		6,336	•	350	•	242,662
Operating		22,996		_		_		22,996
Transportation		241,181		_		_		241,181
Project [']		220,509		15,683				236,192
Total equipment		854,495		63,750		350		917,895
Building and improvements		_		1,963,573		_		1,963,573
Monitoring stations		44,200		1,256		_		45,456
Fish rearing facility		534,051		144,776		_		678,827
Leasehold improvements		2,836						2,836
Total		1,435,582	<u>\$ 2</u>	2 <u>,173,355</u>	<u>\$</u>	350		3,608,587
Less provision for accumulated depreciation (memo entry)		991,221						1,186,933
Investment in general fixed assets (net)	<u>\$</u>	<u>444,361</u>					<u>\$</u>	2 <u>,421,654</u>

NOTE 6. WATER RESALE RIGHTS

NOTE 7.

At June 30, 2000 reclamation water resale rights consist of the following:

Tertiary plant and distribution system costs Irrigation system transferred to Open Space Users Part of pump station transferred to Cal-Am	\$	25,289,716 1,459,777 853,727
Total		27,603,220
Less: accumulated amortization		3,898,479
Water resale rights - net	<u>\$</u>	23,704,741
CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT		
Changes in general long-term debt consisted of:		
Total General Long-term Debt at June 30, 1999	\$	267,232
Decrease in estimated liability for compensated absences		3,722

NOTE 8. <u>INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES</u>

General Long-term Debt at June 30, 2000

At June 30, 2000, the following amounts were receivable and payable between funds of the district:

263,510

	RECEIVABLES	PAYABLES
Mitigation Fund Conservation Fund	\$ 1,167,433 311,760	\$
Capital Projects Fund		<u>\$ 1,479,193</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,479,193</u>	\$ 1,479,193

NOTE 8. <u>INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES</u> (Continued)

These interfund payables and receivables arise primarily from the Capital Projects Fund cash accounts receiving all Special Revenue Fund revenue and paying all Special Revenue Fund expenditures. The Enterprise Fund also collects user fees which are remitted to the other funds periodically. Any fund transfers made between accounts are reflected in the above balances as well as in the respective fund balances.

Long-term loans between funds accrue interest at a predetermined rate which then becomes payable to the lender fund. There were no such loans outstanding at June 30, 2000.

NOTE 9. TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

Through its participation in the CAWD/PBCSD Wastewater Reclamation Project, the District is affiliated with the other organizations involved in the Project. At June 30, 2000 accounts receivable from these affiliates were as follows:

Receivable from CAWD Receivable from PBCo and affiliated golf courses	\$	4,489
for reclaimed water delivery		181,307
Total	<u>\$</u>	185,796
At June 30, 2000 accounts payable to these affiliates were as follows:		
Payable to CAWD for personnel and overhead Payable to MPWMD for user fees Payable to PBCSD for personnel and overhead	\$	44,020 35,219 31,284
Total	\$	110.523

NOTE 10. <u>CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION PAYABLE</u>

The Variable Rate Demand Certificates of Participation - Wastewater Reclamation Project Series 1992 (the Certificates) were issued in December 1992 in the amount of \$33,900,000 by the MPWMD. The Certificates were issued in the minimum denomination of \$100,000 or any integral multiple thereof or, during any Reset Period or on or after the Conversion Date, in the minimum denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The Certificates will bear interest at a Variable Rate unless the interest rate is converted to a Reset Rate for a Reset Period or to a Fixed Rate to the maturity of the Certificates. The Certificates accrued interest at an initial rate of 2.30% per annum to and including December 16, 1992 and, thereafter, at a variable rate determined as provided in the Official Statement of the Certificates issuance.

NOTE 10. <u>CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION PAYABLE (Continued)</u>

As a requirement of this issuance two reserved funds were established. A Renewal and Replacement Reserve was established to pay for future major repairs and an Operations and Maintenance Reserve was established to cover future operating deficits. Each of these reserves is restricted for its intended purpose. At June 30, 2000 the balances in these funds were as follows:

Renewal and Replacement Reserve Operations and Maintenance Reserve	\$ 167,972 215,110
Total	\$ 383,082

Interest will be paid to the holders of the Certificates on January 1 and July 1 of each year at a variable rate as described above. Principal payments on the Certificates will commence on July 1, 2002 and mature on July 1, 2022, as follows:

MANDATORY REPAYMENT DATE - (JULY 1)		AMOUNT
2002	\$	400,000
2003		1,000,000
2004		1,000,000
2005		1,100,000
2006		1,100,000
2007		1,200,000
2008		1,300,000
2009		1,300,000
2010		1,400,000
2011		1,500,000
2012		1,600,000
2013		1,700,000
2014		1,700,000
2015		1,800,000
2016		1,900,000
2017		2,000,000
2018		2,100,000
2019		2,300,000
2020		2,400,000
2021		2,500,000
2022	4 2	2,600,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	33,900,000

NOTE 10. <u>CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION PAYABLE (Continued)</u>

Pledge of Net Operating Revenues - Pursuant to the Water Purchase Agreement, all net operating revenues from the operations of the Project are irrevocably pledged by the District to the payment of certificates. This pledge constitutes a first lien on the net operating revenues and, subject to application of amounts on deposit therein as permitted in the Water Purchase Agreement, for the payment of the certificates in accordance with the terms of the Water Purchase Agreement and of the Trust Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the District may at any time issue obligations or execute contracts which are secured by a lien subordinate to the pledge of net operating revenues created under the Water Purchase Agreement. The Project has not been pledged to secure payment of the certificates.

NOTE 11. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The District is committed to one long-term lease for office space. The lease is for its Carmel Valley Service Center which is leased at \$560 per month through July 2000.

In addition, the District is committed to a license agreement for the land on which the Sleepy Hollow Fishery was constructed. The license agreement calls for a payment of \$1 per year for five years through May 2004 with an optional five year renewal.

Minimum lease payments in future years ended June 30 are as follows:

2001	\$	561
2002	·	1
2003		ĵ
2004		î
		
Total	\$	564

NOTE 12. <u>JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT</u>

The District participates in one joint venture under a joint powers agreement (JPA) with the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 12. JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT (Continued)

SDRMA was formed under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. effective August 1, 1986 to provide general liability, comprehensive/collision liability and property damage, and errors and omissions risk financing for the member districts. SDRMA is administered by a Board of Directors, consisting of one member appointed by the California Special Districts Association and five members elected by the districts participating. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA.

Condensed financial information of the SDRMA as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000 is as follows:

Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 13,228,069 6,486,407
Risk margin (SDRMA equity)	<u>\$ 6,741,662</u>
Total revenues Total expenses	\$ 3,548,843 2,584,748
Net income	<u>\$ 964,095</u>

The SDRMA did not have long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2000, other than claims liabilities and capital lease obligations. The District's share of year-end assets, liabilities and risk margin has not been calculated by the SDRMA.

NOTE 13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District has a deferred compensation plan for its eligible employees wherein amounts earned by the employees are paid at a future date. This plan meets the requirements of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. All full-time, regular employees are permitted to participate in the plan beginning on the day of hire.

The employee may elect to make tax deferred contributions up to the limits established by the Internal Revenue Service for this type of plan. The employee is 100 percent vested in his contributions from the first date of participation. The plan does not provide for District contributions. The participant has a choice of investment options.

NOTE 13. <u>DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (Continued)</u>

The plan is administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation (International City Management Association). The assets of the plan are held in trust, with the District serving as trustee. The plan assets held in the ICMA Retirement Trust are held for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The assets shall not be diverted to any other purpose. The plan does not permit loans.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) 32 states that if a fiduciary relationship does not exist between the governmental entity and the Section 457 Deferred compensation plan, the governmental entity should not report the assets of the plan in its financial statements.

The District believes that, since it does not provide investment advice or administer the plan, it does not maintain a fiduciary relationship with the plan. Therefore, the District does not report the plan assets in its financial statements.

NOTE 14. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The District contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy - Participants are required to contribute 7 percent of their annual covered salary. The District makes the contributions required of District employees on their behalf and for their account. The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is zero percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by PERS.

Annual Pension Cost - For fiscal year 1999/2000, the District's annual pension cost of \$95,694 for PERS was equal to the District's required and actual contributions. The required contribution for fiscal year 1999/2000 was determined as part of the June 30, 1997 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8.25 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service, and (c) 2 percent per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.5 percent. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four-year period (smoothed market value). PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 34 years as of June 30, 2000.

NOTE 14. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial information of the Plan for the three years ended June 30, 1996, 1997 and 1998, which is the most recent data available, is as follows:

Three-Y	ear Trend	Information	for PERS

Fiscal Year	Pe	Annual nsion Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
06/30/96	\$	139,127	100%	\$	-0-	
06/30/97	\$	126,090	100%	\$	-0-	
06/30/98	\$	84,985	100%	\$	-0-	

Required Supplementary Information

		(A)		(B)		(C)		(D)	(E)	(F)
						Unfunded				Unfunded
						Actuarial				Actuarial
						Accrued				Liability
				Entry Age		Liability/				Percentage
Actuarial		Actuarial		Actuarial		(Excess	Fu	ınded		of Covered
Valuation		Asset		Accrued		Assets)	F	Ratio	Covered	Payroll
Date	_	Value	_	Liability	_	[(B)-(A)]	_[(A	(A)/(B)]	 Payroll	{[(B)-(A)/(E)]}
06/30/96	\$	1,920,954	\$	1,650,946	\$	(270,008)		116.4%	\$ 1,137,836	(23.730)%
06/30/97	\$	2,366,596	\$	1,815,923	\$	(550,673)		130.3%	\$ 1,204,571	(45.715)%
06/30/98	\$	3,103,028	\$	2,098,849	\$	(1,004,179)		147.8%	\$ 1,252,136	(80.197)%

NOTE 15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Due to the various activities of the District involving the Carmel River several pending and threatened claims against the District are outstanding. No estimate of the amount of any potential liability to the District can reasonably be made at this time.

In connection with its participation in the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Disaster Relief Assistance Program, the District has received advance payments for repair projects relating to the 1995 winter floods. FEMA will audit the District when all approved projects are completed. Due to the 1998 winter floods, some of these projects will not be completed and the District will be requesting approval for new projects. Funds advanced for the 1995 projects may be required to be refunded to FEMA. These funds are reflected as deferred revenue in the financial statements. The District does not expect any final FEMA audit adjustments, if any, to have a material effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS

Water Quality Improvement-Reclamation Project - In prior years, concerns were raised by several of the Open Space Users regarding the quality of treated water. The concern was due to potential high levels of salinity in the treated water which could cause damage to various golf course greens. As a result of the concern, the CAWD/PBCSD Wastewater Reclamation Project entered into two contracts in order to study and improve any possible water quality issues that may exist. The first study which was completed in May, 1997 focused on possible options to decrease the salinity in treated water. The second study which was completed in June, 1997 concentrated on the option of reverse osmosis. At June 30, 2000, there are no remaining contractual obligations relating to the studies. The CAWD/PBCSD Wastewater Reclamation Project is currently reviewing various reverse osmosis systems, but has no contractual obligations at June 30, 2000.

Forest Lake Phase II-Reclamation Project - An agreement was signed by the Project on December 20, 1999 for \$37,500. Construction was not completed at June 30, 2000. Approximately \$16,245 of the contract is outstanding at June 30, 2000.

Cal-Am Agreement - On July 31, 1997, the District entered into an agreement with California-American Water Company (Cal-Am) for reimbursement of expenses incurred for review and processing of Cal-Am's application to amend its water distribution system permit to add the Carmel River Dam Project. As of June 30, 2000, Cal-Am has reimbursed the District approximately \$804,000.

NOTE 17. BUILDING ACQUISITION

The District purchased a building at 5 Harris Court in Ryan Ranch Office Park for approximately \$1.6 million. The total costs to purchase the land, building, tenant improvements, interior design fee, furnishings and equipment were approximately \$1.9 million. The District purchased the building from monies available in the Mitigation and Capital Projects Funds. The District plans to repay the funds over a term of seven years, with interest at 5.35%.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	MITIGATIO FUND	N CON	ISERVATION FUND		TOTALS		
REVENUES: Taxes Grants User fees Permit fees Project reimbursements Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 52,2 1,7 1,335,6 104,2 116,4	790 634 25 213	79,453 - 246,506 100,009 - 14,589	\$	131,725 1,790 1,582,140 100,034 104,213 131,007		
Total revenues EXPENDITURES:	1,610,3		440,557	-	2,050,909		
Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay	824,3 767,4 1,164,4	1 61	210,627 167,754 2,115		1,034,944 935,215 1,166,568		
Total expenditures	2,756,2	231	380,496		3,136,727		
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,145,8	379)	60,061		(1,085,818)		
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, 1999	2,199,6	<u> </u>	263,708		2,463,384		
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2000	<u>\$ 1,053,7</u>	<u> 197 \$</u>	323,769	<u>\$</u>	1,377,566		

MANAGEMENT DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -**BUDGET AND ACTUAL** SPECIAL REVENUE FUND: MITIGATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES: Taxes Grants User fees	\$	50,000	\$	52,272 1,790	\$	2,272 1,790	
Permit fees Project reimbursements Investment income Miscellaneous		1,350,879 - 157,000 93,000 60,000		1,335,634 25 104,213 116,418		(15,245) 25 (52,787) 23,418 (60,000)	
Total revenues	····	1,710,879		1,610,352		(100,527)	
EXPENDITURES: Salaries and employee benefits:						,	
Salaries Salaries Employee benefits		636,512 151,948		674,711 149,606		(38,199) 2,342	
Total salaries and employee benefits		788,460		824,317		(35,857)	
Services and supplies: Project expenditures Operating expenditures Professional fees		1,329,790 344,220 105,280		509,370 199,764 58,327		820,420 144,456 46,953	
Total services and supplies		1,779,290		767,461		1,011,829	
Capital outlay		600,468		1,164,453		(563,985)	
Total expenditures	<u></u>	3,168,218		2,756,231		411,987	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	:	(1,457,339)		(1,145,879)		311,460	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 1999		527,291		2,199,676		1,672,385	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - JUNE 30, 2000	<u>\$</u>	(930,048)	<u>\$</u>	1,053,797	<u>\$</u>	1,983,845	

MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND: CONSERVATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES: Taxes User fees Permit fees Project reimbursements Investment income Total revenues	\$ 76,000 249,121 151,000 74,600 9,000 559,721	\$ 79,453 246,506 100,009 - 14,589 440,557	\$ 3,453 (2,615) (50,991) (74,600) 5,589	
EXPENDITURES: Salaries and employee benefits: Salaries Employee benefits Total salaries and employee benefits	173,302 41,817 215,119	170,790 39,837 210,627	2,512 1,980 4,492	
Services and supplies: Project expenditures Operating expenditures Professional fees Total services and supplies	184,567 87,756 35,840 308,163	63,967 72,519 31,268	120,600 15,237 4,572 140,409	
Capital outlay	9,622	2,115	7,507	
Total expenditures EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>532,904</u> 26,817	380,496 60,061	<u>152,408</u> 33,244	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 1999	79,019	263,708	184,689	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2000	<u>\$ 105,836</u>	\$ 323,769	\$ 217,933	

MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT PROJECT EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

		BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
MITIGATION:						
Fish	\$	519,448	\$	60,882	\$	458,566
Toilet replacement refund program		150,000		112,826		37,174
Riparian projects		123,500		58,346		65,154
District reporting		54,267		22,080		32,187
Erosion control project		365,000		244,213		120,787
Irrigation Endangered species		65,500		9,702		55,798
Hydrologic monitoring		- 44,575		194		(194)
New wells		44,373		- 79		44,575 (79)
Lagoon		_		568		(568)
Carmel Valley water quality		7,500		480		7,020
Total mitigation		1,329,790		509,370		820,420
CONSERVATION:						
District reporting		177,567		57,242		120,325
Ordinance enforcement		2,000		_		2,000
Toilet replacement refund program		5,000		6,725		(1,725)
Total conservation		184,567		63,967		120,600
TOTAL	<u>\$</u>	1,514,357	<u>\$</u>	573,337	<u>\$</u>	941,020

MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT PROJECT EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

		<u>BUDGET</u>		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
EXPENDITURES:							
New wells	\$	580,000	\$	77,168	\$	502,832	
CEQA	,	625,700	•	158,430	•	467,270	
District reporting		56,267		17,382		38,885	
Operations modeling		20,000		19,992		. 8	
Water supply		59,000		25,090		33,910	
Hydrologic monitoring		12,875		8,843		4,032	
Groundwater quality		15,500		5,169		10,331	
Riparian		25,000				25,000	
Groundwater monitoring		40,000		664		39,336	
EIR/S		20,000				20,000	
TOTAL	<u>\$</u>	1,454,342	<u>\$</u>	312,738	<u>\$</u>	1,141,604	